

trusting it), and assumes to a moderate extent the opinions of every social and political clique with which he comes in contact. His efforts to acquire the *frons urbana* of which Horace speaks—the readiness of speech and ease of manner which mark the dweller in cities—are amusingly and pathetically described. It takes, however, more than one generation to make a gentleman. The peasant stamp is too deeply impressed upon Daniel to be obliterated by any artificial veneering.

It will be seen that as a mere piece of social satire 'Bondestudenter' is interesting and effective. As a story it is colorless, and overloaded with lengthy discussions. A multitude of persons who have nothing to do but to convert the hero to their views, appear and disappear in a most bewildering manner. There is not a love episode or anything approaching it, from the book's beginning to its end. Women play no part whatever in it, except in affording opportunities to the hero to be unfaithful to his ideals. His first love, Inga Holm, flits as a beautiful shadow through the early chapters, but does not do anything nor utter a word. The second, Bertha-Marie, is equally passive and incorporeal; and the third, Hanna Steensrud, is but the unlovely incarnation of the mammon which Daniel finally weds. Being presented with the alternative, starvation or unfaithfulness, he has no hesitation in choosing the latter. And the author is inclined to approve his choice.

Shaftesbury (the first Earl). By H. D. Traill. [English Worthies. Edited by Andrew Lang.] D. Appleton & Co. 1886. 12mo, pp. 218.

As long as Macaulay and Dryden hold their place in English literature, the first Lord Shaftesbury will hold his place as one of the most interesting of historical characters, and the type of a certain class of politician. No member of the "Cabal" has come down to us with an unstained reputation, and the efforts that have from time to time been made to rehabilitate Ashley have effected little more than to convince the world that, if less honest than Clifford, he was, on the whole, a better man than Buckingham, Arlington, or Lauderdale. By an unusual fortune of heredity, it is his best qualities that have been transmitted to his distant posterity, and it is not perhaps too much to say that there may be traced in the recently deceased Earl qualities, and certainly a general drift of intellectual sympathy, which distinguished his ancestor.

Mr. Traill, in his very interesting sketch of Lord Shaftesbury, takes a middle attitude as to the character of his hero. "It seems to me," he says, "that, if Shaftesbury's apologists sinned against the injunction to 'nothing extenuate,' the severest of his censors have no less certainly defied the prohibition to 'set down aught in malice.'" On more than one occasion he justifies him, or at least brings in a verdict of "not proven," where Macaulay and Campbell had visited him with severe censure. But on the whole he can only confirm their verdict. In an admirable summary of his earlier career (pp. 94 to 97), he remarks that "all his repeated changes of party find their simplest explanation in a theory of pure self-interest, and some of them are explicable in no other way." But, after all, "the only reason why he changed sides oftener than his rivals was because he had a keener eye for coming events than they, and a reader skill in adapting himself thereto." Then, after citing the apt passage from *Hudibras*, he adds: "This account of the matter seems to me to be as accurate as it is witty. I have no doubt that Shaftesbury felt real twinges of Royalism some time before the Restoration, and shooting pains of Protestantism before the anti-Catholic movement of

1673-80. He foresaw in each case the impending ruin of the party to which he had attached himself, and for no man had the *victoria causa* a more overmastering attraction than for him. He had not the faintest sympathy with the eccentric preference of Cato; in that matter, at any rate, he was on the side of the gods."

History of the Scottish Expedition to Norway in 1612. By Thomas Michell, C.B. T. Nelson & Sons. 16mo, pp. 189.

THE Scotch expedition narrated in this book was an incident in what is known as the "Calmar War" between Sweden and Denmark, when Gustavus Adolphus, having recently succeeded to the throne, undertook to obtain mercenary troops from western Europe. Most of these troops, under Mönnichhofer, succeeded in landing on the coast of Norway and making their way to Sweden. A small body of Scotchmen, three or four hundred in number, under Ramsay and Sinclair, were intercepted by a body of peasants at Kringlelen and cut to pieces, very few escaping with their lives. Mr. Michell finds it hard to understand how so large a body of troops as this could have been destroyed by the inconsiderable number of peasants who are reported to have attacked them; and the "tømmervælte," or artificial mass of beams and stones, which the reports all speak of as having been rolled down upon them, seems to him quite inadequate. It cannot have destroyed, he thinks, more than twenty-five or thirty men (p. 63). His theory of the matter is "that the three hundred Scots were not all armed," a conclusion arrived at partly from the accounts of the affair, partly from the relics of the fight. On this theory "the almost entire annihilation of the three hundred men by four hundred Bønder is seen to have been easy enough." We do not ourselves, however, see anything incredible in three hundred well-armed troops, after being thrown into confusion and partly crushed by the "tømmervælte," being then cut to pieces by a superior number of armed peasants of the neighborhood. The peasants of Norway were not the helpless serfs of France or Germany, but well-to-do and warlike freemen, the real rulers of their country.

There are a number of rather rude illustrations, and an appendix containing copious historical documents; also, an index of names of persons.

The Second Punic War, being Chapters of the History of Rome. By the late Thomas Arnold, D.D. Edited by William T. Arnold, M.A. With eight maps. Macmillan & Co. 1886. 8vo, pp. 435.

THE account of the Second Punic War in Arnold's 'History of Rome' is generally recognized to be one of the masterpieces of English historical composition. Unfinished as it is, breaking off abruptly soon after the battle of the Metaurus, it has a certain completeness and unity which well warrant its being published by itself as the best and most graphic history of a most important epoch. Its editor, a grandson of the author, has provided it with the apparatus which it very much needed, and with notes embodying the results of the latest scholarship. He has not thought it worth while to continue the work to the end of the war, or even, as Archdeacon Hare did, to append the account of the last years of the war written in 1823 by Dr. Arnold for the 'Encyclopædia Metropolitana.' "That account is of altogether different texture and value to the portrait of Hannibal which Dr. Arnold drew in the maturity of his powers, and no service is done to his memory, but rather the contrary, by attempting to stitch the two together."

Mr. Arnold's brief introduction presents well

and forcibly the reasons for this separate publication, as resting upon the special character and merit of this portion of the original work. His most important contribution, however, is in the extended notes at the end of the volume, chiefly upon the questions of topography with which the history of this war abounds. We have here collected complete materials for determining the disputed localities of Hannibal's pass over the Alps, the battles of Trebia and of Thrasymenus, and the rest. As a whole, in regard to these controversies, it appears that "the general result has been to weaken the authority of Polybius and to raise that of Livy" (p. 386)—on the ground, in Dr. Arnold's own words, of "the total absence of geographical talent in Polybius." He therefore rejects the view, accepted among others by Niebuhr, Arnold, and Mommsen, that Hannibal crossed by the Little St. Bernard; for Livy, "who appears to have faithfully copied out a good authority, takes Hannibal from the head of the Durance valley," and this leaves us only the choice between the Mont Genève and the Col d'Argentière. As between these, he is disposed "to say that Mr. Freshfield, who has the advantage of being the last man to review the whole question in the light of his predecessors' labors and of his own personal experience, . . . at present holds possession of the field"; and Mr. Freshfield supports the Col d'Argentière. With regard to Thrasymenus, he abstains from expressing any judgment, being "strongly of opinion that the question is now in a state at which it can only be advanced by some scholar with the opportunity and inclination to make a thorough and leisurely personal examination of the ground, texts in hand" (p. 389).

It is to be hoped that this volume will meet with a hearty reception, and will do something to give the present generation a closer and more immediate acquaintance with its distinguished author.

Armstrong's Primer of English History, for school and family use. With maps. A. C. Armstrong & Son.

THE compiler of this Primer has accomplished, with a reasonable degree of success, the difficult task of squeezing the entire course of English history into a little over a hundred small pages. The matter is selected with good judgment, and presented with a laudable avoidance of unnecessary detail; the fault that strikes us in the general plan being that the most important statements seem insufficiently emphasized. None but important facts are, of course, intended to be given at all; but even here there is a difference, and the reader or pupil ought to have certain things impressed very deeply upon his mind.

The destructiveness of the Black Death (p. 38) is much underrated by the statement that "more than fifty thousand persons" were its victims. Probably there was that number in the single county of Norfolk, and it is pretty well agreed that at least a third of the population of the eastern counties was carried away. The statement that it was "followed by social disturbances among the laboring classes" is a good illustration of the want of emphasis of which we have spoken. It means very little as it stands, and to make it worth inserting at all it ought to be shown what these disturbances were, and why they arose. On page 64 we read Duke (for Earl) of Warwick. The extreme difficulty of combining brevity with accuracy is illustrated by the table of sovereigns on page 52, which gives (in the Spanish column) Catharine of Navarre, Ferdinand V. of Castile and Ferdinand II. of Aragón—as if the last two were different persons (but where is Isabella of Castile?); also by the map of "Europe, illustrating Continental wars"

(p. 86), which, designed to illustrate a series of wars, is not exact for any one period. It is inserted at the accession of William III., but belongs to the middle of the nineteenth century; the Austrian Netherlands are called Belgium, Genoa is annexed to Sardinia, Silesia to Prussia, and Galicia to Austria. By an oversight, the name Burgundy stands east of the Saône (in Franche-Comté—an historical Burgundy, to be sure).

Lives of Greek Statesmen. Second Series: Ephialtes—Hermokrates. By the Rev. Sir George W. Cox, Bart. Harper & Bros. 1886. 16mo.

SIR GEORGE COX has made Greek history so distinctly his field that whatever he writes in relation to it is sure to be read with interest. The reader of his 'Lives' is struck with the ease and picturesqueness of narration which come from a long and minute familiarity, and which place him in imagination in the presence of the generation whose political intrigues and contests are described as if it were his own period. A very clear picture of Greek society is therefore sketched in relation to these ten personalities. The former volume, also containing ten lives, extended from Solon to Gelon; in the present we have a practically complete history of the period from the close of the Persian war to that of the Peloponnesian war. It is really a misfortune that all the modern nations have softened the Roman (representing the Greek κ), so that the forms of proper names that have come down to us do not give us the equivalents of the original. Hence no

end of confused and discrepant usage in writers of the present day. *Kimon*, of course, is not only a more correct form, but a pleasanter sound than *Cimon*, just as *Kikero* is pleasanter than *Cicero*; but nobody says *Kikero*—except as a *Latin word*; why, then, *Kimon*? Again, what is gained by printing *Perikles* and *Hermokrates*? Even the distinction between literary and classical usage is not always easy to observe. Mr. Cox says *Thucydides*; why not then *Macedonian*?

BOOKS OF THE WEEK.

- Allen & Greenough. Select Orations of Cicero. Edited with Vocabulary. Boston: Ginn & Co. \$1.40.
- Amicis, Edmondo de. Constantinople. New edition. G. P. Putnam's Sons. \$2.50.
- Bolton, Sarah K. Lives of Girls Who Became Famous. N. Y. Crowell & Co.
- Burnaby, Fred. Our Radicals: A Tale of Love and Politics. Harper & Bros. 25 cents.
- Catalogue of a Valuable Collection of Books and Pamphlets relating to America. Cincinnati: Robert Clarke & Co. 50 cents.
- Coxon, Ethel. The Long Lane: A Novel. Harper & Bros. 25 cents.
- Deane, Mary. St. Braniels. Harper & Bros. 20 cents.
- Dupuy, E. The Great Masters of Russian Literature in the Nineteenth Century. Englished by N. H. Dole. T. Y. Crowell & Co. \$1.25.
- Field, Alice O. Palermo; Christmas to Whitsuntide. Revised ed. G. P. Putnam's Sons. \$1.25.
- Foye, J. C. Handbook of Mineralogy. D. Van Nostrand. 50 cents.
- Gladstone, W. E. The Irish Question. Charles Scribner's Sons. 10 cents.
- Hay, Mary C. A Wicked Girl. Harper & Bros. 25 cents.
- How: Things One Ought to Know. Rochester: Ward & Co.
- Jackson, Lady. The Court of France in the Sixteenth Century. Harper & Bros. 25 cents.
- "Jark." The Riverside Museum. T. Y. Crowell & Co. \$1.25.
- Jewett, Sarah O. Deephaven. Houghton, Mifflin & Co. 50 cents.
- Kelsey, Prof. F. W. Caesar's Gallic War. Boston: John Allyn.
- Knox, T. W. The Life of Robert Fulton and a History of Steam Navigation. G. P. Putnam's Sons. \$1.75.

MESSRS. HENRY HOLT & CO.'S NEW EDUCATIONAL CATALOGUE will be sent free to any applicant. 29 West 23d St., New York.

THE LATEST AUTHORITY ON EARTHQUAKES.

Earthquakes and other Earth Movements.

By JOHN MILNE, Professor in the Imperial College of Engineering, Tokio, Japan. International Scientific Series.

With 38 Illustrations. 12mo, cloth. Price \$1.75.

An attempt is made in this volume to give a systematic account of the various Earth Movements. These comprise Earthquakes, or the sudden violent movements of the ground; Earth Tremors, or minute movements which escape our attention by the smallness of their amplitude; Earth Pulsations, or movements which are overlooked on account of the length of their period; and Earth Oscillations, or movements of long period and large amplitude.

D. Appleton & Co., PUBLISHERS, 1, 3, & 5 Bond Street, New York.

"HOME STUDY."—Latin and Greek at Sight, use the "Interlinear Classics," sample page and catalogue free. C. DESILVER & SONS, No. (iv) 1102 Walnut St., Phila., Pa.

SCHOOL BOOKS IN FOREIGN LANGUAGES. Miscellaneous Books in Foreign Languages. Catalogues on application. Foreign Periodicals. CARL SCHOENHOF, Importer, 144 Tremont St., Boston.

CATALOGUE NO. 11 OF RARE AND Standard Books, including Americana, Rebellion, &c., sent on application to FRANCIS P. HARPER, 4 Barclay St., New York.

EVERY VOTER

SHOULD OWN A COPY OF

The American Citizen's Manual.

THE AMERICAN CITIZEN'S

Manual. By Worthington C. Ford. New Edition, Complete. Two parts in one volume. Cloth, \$1.25.

A work planned to afford in compact form a comprehensive summary of the nature of the organization of the Governments of the United States, National, State, and Local, and of the duties, privileges, and responsibilities of American citizens.

"Mr. Ford writes thoughtfully, carefully, impartially, and furnishes one of the best imaginable manuals that could be prepared for circulation on either side of the Atlantic."—N. Y. World.

"The book is eminently practicable and the author gives little space to theory."—Boston Transcript.

"The work altogether is an admirable carrying out of an original and certainly very wise design to supply the people with pure political information."—N. Y. School Journal.

"The work is well and clearly written; shows wise study and sound judgment, and is well adapted to the needs of the times."—New York The Churchman.

"It is a very reliable work and will be valuable to the citizen."—Chicago Advance.

"The book abounds in practical suggestions and useful hints."—Brooklyn Times.

G. P. Putnam's Sons, 27 and 29 West 23d St., New York.

- L'Espinois, Comte Henri de. La Ligue et les Papes. Paris: Palmé; Boston: Schoenhof.
- Lotze, H. Outlines of Aesthetics. Englished by G. T. Ladd. Ginn & Co. \$1.
- Macy, J. Our Government: How it Grew, What it Does, and How it Does it. Boston: Ginn & Co. 88 cents.
- McClelland, M. G. Princess: A Novel. Henry Holt & Co. 50 cents.
- McPherson, Edward. A Hand-book of Politics for 1886. Washington: J. J. Chapman. \$2.00.
- Memoirs and Letters of Dolly Madison. Edited by her grandniece. Houghton, Mifflin & Co. \$1.25.
- Miennial Dawn. Vol. 1. Pittsburgh, Pa.: Zion's Watch Tower.
- Morris, E. J. Prejudiced Inquiries; Being the Backwoods Lectures for 1884. G. P. Putnam's Sons. \$1.25.
- Péladan, J. Curieuse. Paris: Laurent; Boston: Schoenhof.
- Péladan, J. Le Vice suprême. Paris: Laurent; Boston: Schoenhof.
- Pisemsky, Alexis. Les Faiseurs. Paris: Plon & Nourrit; Boston: Schoenhof.
- Rollinat, Maurice. L'Abîme: Poésies. Paris: Charpentier; Boston: Schoenhof.
- Rougemont, A. de. La France: Notes d'un Américain recueillies et mises en ordre. Writers' Publishing Co.
- Schublin, O. Gloria Victis: A Romance. W. S. Gottsberger.
- Science Economic Discussion. The Science Company.
- Sinclair, G. L. Dry-Plate Making for Amateurs. Greenville Manufacturing Co.
- Southworth, E. D. E. N. The Gipsy's Prophecy. T. B. Peterson & Bro. 75 cents.
- Stinde, J. The Buchholz Family: Sketches of Berlin Life. Englished by L. Dora Schmitz. London: G. Bell & Sons.
- Strong, Rev. J. Our Country: Its Possible Future and its Present Crises. Baker & Taylor.
- Swann, J. An Investor's Notes on American Railroads. G. P. Putnam's Sons. \$1.25.
- Systematic Catalogue of the Public Library of the City of Milwaukee. Published by the Trustees.
- The Critic. Vol. v. Jan.—June, 1886. The Critic Company.
- The Great Gold Secret, and Other Stories. Cassell & Co. 15 cents.
- The Irish Question as Viewed by One Hundred Eminent Statesmen of England, Ireland, and America. Ford's National Library. 25 cents.
- Trumbull, J. H. Memorial History of Hartford County, Conn. 2 vols. Boston: Edward L. Osgood.
- Vambéry, A. The Story of Hungary. With the Collaboration of Louis Hellprin. G. P. Putnam's Sons. \$1.50.
- Westall, W. Two Pinches of Snuff. Harper & Bros. 20 cents.
- Wiedersheim, Prof. R. Elements of the Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates. Macmillan & Co. \$3.00.
- Wynnan, Little C. Poverty Grass. Houghton, Mifflin & Co. \$1.25.

Meditations of a Parish Priest Thoughts by Joseph Roux. 12mo, cloth, gilt top, \$1.25.

"These 'Thoughts' have caused a perfect excitement of enthusiasm in France among thinkers the most various, all of whom, with one accord, have done homage to the little book, whose richness of first-hand thoughts have equally charmed and amazed them."—Blackwood's Magazine.

St. John's Eve.

By Nikolai V. Gogol, author of 'Taras Bulba.' 12mo, cloth, \$1.25.

A selection of stories from 'Evenings at the Farm' and 'St. Petersburg Stories,' showing the marvellous style and wild grace and flavor of this remarkable author.

Silent Times.

A book to help in reading the Bible into life. By Rev. J. R. Miller, D.D. 12mo, cloth, gilt top, \$1.25.

Girls Who Became Famous.

By Sarah K. Bolton, author of 'Poor Boys Who Became Famous.' With portraits of Mrs. Stowe, Helen Hunt, Miss Alcott, and other noted women. 12mo, cloth, \$1.50.

The Riverside Museum.

By the author of 'Birchwood' and 'Fitch Club.' 12mo, cloth, \$1.25.

THOMAS Y. CROWELL & CO., 13 Astor Place, New York.

Johns Hopkins University, BALTIMORE.

University and Collegiate Courses.

The programmes for the next academic year are now ready for distribution.

QUERIES ANSWERED. I HAVE A set of the Nation, 43 vols., unbound, clean, perfect. Price, \$100. No deviation. A. S. CLARK, 34 Park Row, New York City.

GERMAN SIMPLIFIED. Eminently practical. 12 Numbers, 10 cents each. Prospectus mailed free. Prof. A. Knoflach, 140 Nassau St., New York.